

Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) Disclosure - 30 June 2024

Introduction

The public disclosure relating to Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) has been prepared in accordance with the circular (2BS/356/2015) dated 25 October 2015 issued by Central Bank of Kuwait (CBK) as part of Basel III reforms and complementary to the existing liquidity guidelines.

The main objective of NSFR is to promote stable and long-term funding sources for asset financing and reduce reliance on less stable, short-term sources of funding.

Definition

The NSFR is defined as the ratio of Available amount of Stable Funding (ASF) to Required amount of Stable Funding (RSF).

Available Stable Funding (ASF) is defined as the portion of capital and liabilities expected to be reliable over the time horizon considered by the NSFR, which extends over one year.

Required Stable Funding (RSF) is defined as the portion of assets and off-balance sheet (OBS) exposures expected to be funded on an ongoing basis over a one-year horizon. The amount of such stable funding required by the bank is a function of the liquidity characteristics and residual maturities of the various assets held by that institution as well as those of its off-balance sheet exposures.

Liquidity Governance

The liquidity governance framework is guided by the Liquidity Policy of the Bank which is reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors. The policy outlines the roles and responsibilities within the Bank with respect to liquidity risk management and provides an overview of the processes including stress testing under various scenarios, for monitoring and managing liquidity risk as per CBK and internal guidelines.

The responsibility for managing liquidity in compliance with internal & external directives rests with Treasury under the oversight of Asset and Liability Committee (ALCO). The liquidity policy also covers the liquidity contingency / crisis planning which specifies the early warning indicators of liquidity stress, the roles and responsibilities of stake holders within the Bank in the event of a liquidity crisis and the actions to be undertaken by each business unit in order to address the crisis.

Funding Strategy

Gulf bank's strategy is to maintain stable and well-diversified sources of funds, with a focus on raising stable and long-term deposits from consumer banking clients, while continuing to grow and diversify the wider depositor base in order to meet its long-term assets funding requirements, thus maintaining a healthy ratio.

Besides having well established relationships with a variety of domestic, regional and international counterparties that regularly provide long-term funding, the Bank has also been able to obtain long-

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term funding from the debt market through the issuance of 10-year KWD 50 million Tier 2 Subordinated Bonds in June 2021 as well through Medium-Term borrowings from Banks. This confirms the Bank's ability to obtain longer-term funding if and when required. Furthermore, the Bank has successfully raised its Issued and Paid-up Capital through a public offering with rights issue of KD 60 million in November 2023.

The Asset and Liability Committee regularly reviews the macroeconomic indicators and market conditions to provide guidance on liquidity management.

Result Analysis and Main Drivers

The Bank's Available Stable Funding (ASF) as of 30 June 2024 was KD 5,202 million and Required Stable Funding (RSF) as KD 4,751 million with NSFR of 109.48%.

ASF is mainly comprised of Capital as per Basel III CBK regulations, Retail and SME deposits, Corporate deposits, deposits from Banks and OFIs and other liabilities after applying the available stable funding factors. Retail deposits (including SME deposits), Corporate deposits and Capital contributed 35.15%, 42.60% and 17.37% respectively of the total weighted ASF amount.

RSF is primarily comprised of Corporate, Retail and SME loans, Investments, and off-balance sheet items after applying the required stable funding factors. Performing loans to non-financial customers and financial institutions contributed 74.43% and 16.83% respectively of the total weighted RSF amount.

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	Net Stable Funding Ratio for					
	Table 4: NSFR Common Disclosure Template		nding on 30/0	5/2024		
Bank	Name	Gulf Bank				
Level		Unweighted	Values (befo	re applying NS	FR factors)	
Sr.	Item	No specified maturity	Less than 6 months	More than 6 months and less than one year	One year or more	Value after applying the NSFR factors
Availa	able Stable Funding (ASF)				PHOTO AT 9	
1	Capital:	903,310				903,310
2	Regulatory Capital	903,310	-	-	-	903,310
3	Other Capital Instruments	-	-	-	-	-
4	Retail Deposits and deposits from small business customers:		1,821,459	208,404	1,260	1,828,137
5	Stable deposits	-	-		-	-
6	Less Stable deposits	-	1,821,459	208,404	1,260	1,828,137
7	Wholesale Funding:	are the same	3,174,174	617,254	612,721	2,215,862
8	Operational Deposits	-	34,655	_	-	17,328
9	Other wholesale funding	-	3,139,519	617,254	612,721	2,198,534
10	Other liabilities:	170	47,366	8,594	254,332	254,332
11	NSFR Derivative Liabilities	170	-	-	-	-
12	All other liabilities not included in the above categories	-	47,366	8,594	254,332	254,332
THE RESERVE	Total ASF	903,480	5,042,999	834,252	868,313	5,201,641
Requi	red Stable Funding (RSF)			17 12 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
-	Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	869,908	-	-	-	21,068
	Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes	-	-	-	120	-
16	Performing loans and securities:	克拉色或法面 图			Complete State	V. C. L. 4 33
	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA	-	-		1-	-
	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions	-	915,824	78,582	622,997	799,662
19	Performing loans to nonfinancial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which: With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% as per the Capital Adequacy	-	1,002,671	662,905	3,251,371	3,536,014
20	Ratio – Basel 3 guidelines				302,198	196,429
-	Performing residential mortgages, of which:				302,136	190,429
	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the CBK Capital Adequacy Ratio – Basel III Guidelines					
	Unpledged Securities and exchange-traded shares in case the issuers of such instruments were not in default.	-	_	_	ū	_
-	Other assets:		64053		Salati Salat	
	Physical traded commodities, including gold		_	-	Emilia anticassor i	
	Assets posted as initial margin for derivative contracts and contributions to default funds of CCPS	_				
-	NSFR derivative assets	_				-
	20% NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted	42	-	_	2	42
	Other assets not included in the above categories	34,890	44,801	3,039	179,556	238,365
	Off-balance sheet items	-	3,035,398	-	82,508	155,895
31	Total RSF	904,840	4,998,694	744,525	4,136,432	4,751,046
27	NSFR (%)		NAME OF TAXABLE	Service Service		109.48%

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